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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/617,598	07/11/2003	Dean L. Kamen	1062/D77	2911		
2101	7590 12/13/2005	EXAMINER				
BROMBERG & SUNSTEIN LLP 125 SUMMER STREET BOSTON, MA 02110-1618			LUBY, MATTHEW D			
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
Booton, m			3611			

DATE MAILED: 12/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Comment		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
			10/617,598		KAMEN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary			Examiner	Ar	t Unit			
			Matt Luby		11			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi or Reply	cation appe	ears on the cover sheet	with the corre	espondence ac	ddress		
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MANSIONS OF THE MANSIO	AILING DA of 37 CFR 1.130 unication. tutory period wi will, by statute,	TE OF THIS COMMU 6(a). In no event, however, may 11 apply and will expire SIX (6) No cause the application to become	NICATION. If a reply be timely for the new ABANDONED (3)	iled nailing date of this c 5 U.S.C. § 133).	V		
Status	•							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on 21 Oc	tober 2005.					
	·		action is non-final.					
3)	,—							
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the a	pplication.			•			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or	election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) acce	pted or b)☐ objected	to by the Exa	miner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim f All b) Some * c) None of:		·	c. § 119(a)-(d)	or (f).			
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	 Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). 							
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ot received.				
Attachmen	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)			w Summary (PT				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P [*] mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or F			lo(s)/Mail Date of Informal Paten		O-152)		
	r No(s)/Mail Date			5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:				

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed and Applicant's submission filed on 10/21/05 has been entered. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3, 4, 8 and 11-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kamen et al. (5,791,425).

Kamen et al. '425 teaches a transporter for transporting a load over a surface, the transporter comprising: a support platform (461) for supporting the load, the support platform (461) characterized by a fore-aft axis, a lateral axis, and an orientation with respect to the surface, the orientation referred to as an attitude; at least one ground-contacting element (463) coupled to the support platform in such a manner that the attitude of the support platform is capable of variation, a motorized drive arrangement

(462) for driving the at least one ground-contacting elements, a sensor module (Sensor A, Sensor B) for generating a signal characterizing the attitude of the support platform; and a controller (272) for commanding the motorized drive arrangement to apply a torque to one or more of the ground-contacting elements as a function of the attitude of the support platform or based on a position of a center of mass of the load relative to the at least one ground-contacting element, a user interface (561), wherein the attitude of the support platform is capable of variation based on a signal generated by the user interface, wherein the controller commands motion in the fore-aft and lateral planes such as pitching and rolling generated by turning the vehicle via the user interface.

For claim 4, note Sensor A senses the distance between a point on the platform and a position on the surface disposed at a specified angle with respect to the support platform.

For claim 8, note Kamen et al. teaches the sensor can be an ultrasonic distance sensor.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kamen et al., '425, as applied to claim 1, in view of Woods et al. (4,468,050).

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Kamen et al. 425 teaches a vehicle including the claimed limitations except wherein one or more ground-contacting elements are flexibly coupled to the support platform in such a manner that the attitude of the support platform is capable of variation based on a position of a center of mass of the load relative to the at least one groundcontacting element. Woods et al. teaches an adaptive suspension system (16) for use on vehicles wherein one or more ground-contacting elements (10) are flexibly coupled to a support platform (14) in such a manner that the attitude of the support platform (14) is capable of variation, to provide an improved vehicle suspension system which will automatically adjust itself during vehicle travel to provide optimum ride and handling characteristics under a wide variety of driving conditions. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the transporter of Kamen et al. 1425, to include an adaptive suspension system wherein one or more ground-contacting elements are flexibly coupled to a support platform in such a manner that the attitude of the support platform is capable of variation, as taught by Woods et al., to provide an improved vehicle suspension system which will automatically adjust itself during vehicle travel to provide optimum ride and handling characteristics under a wide variety of driving conditions.

Claims 5-7 and 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kamen et al., '425, as applied to claim 3, in view of Sugasawa (US 4,749,210).

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Kamen et al. '425, as applied to claim 3, teaches a vehicle having the claimed limitations except: a first component that remains in a substantially fixed vertical position relative to the surface,

wherein the at least one distance sensor senses the distance between a fiducial point on the platform and the first component,

wherein the attitude of the support platform is capable of variation based at least on a signal generated by a remote control device, and

the vehicle including a powered strut coupled to the platform, the powered strut capable of varying the attitude of the support platform based at least on the signal generated by the remote control device.

Sugasawa teaches a vehicle having a first component (axle) that remains in a substantially fixed vertical position relative to the surface, wherein an at least one distance sensor (16/202) which senses the distance between a fiducial point on the platform/vehicle body and the first component (axle), see column 8, lines 48 to column 9, line 27, and wherein the attitude of the support platform (vehicle body) i.e. capable of variation based at least on a signal generated by a remote control device (170), and the vehicle including a powered strut (10) coupled to the platform, the powered strut capable of varying the attitude of the support platform based at least on the signal generated by the remote control device, to provide a suspension control system which allows adjustment of suspension characteristics or suspension control characteristics more precisely fitting the individual driver's feeling.

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the vehicle of Kamen et al. '425, as applied to claim 3, to include a first component that remains in a substantially fixed vertical position relative to the surface, wherein an at least one distance sensor which senses the distance between a fiducial point on the platform and the first component, and wherein the attitude of the support platform (vehicle body) is capable of variation based at least on a signal generated by a remote control device, the vehicle including a powered strut coupled to the platform, the powered strut capable of varying the attitude of the support platform based at least on the signal generated by the remote control device, as taught by Sugasawa, to provide a suspension control system which allows adjustment of suspension characteristics or suspension control characteristics more precisely fitting the individual driver's feeling.

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For claim 6, note the linkage 258 is a first component which is fixed relative to the axle where the linkage follows the movement of the axle to generate an axle position signal.

Note the methods of controlling the vehicle of claims 17-20 are the method of operation of the invention disclosed in Kamen et al. '425, as applied to claim 3, in view of Sugasawa.

Note, the sensor of Sugasawa, as applied above, is understood to be an additional sensor in the sensor module that can also include other types of sensors.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 10/21/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues the sensor module of Kamen '425 is not used to provide attitude information or to provide a signal used in the application of a torque as a function of attitude. The Examiner disagrees because the distance of the support platform to a stair riser and ground are input signals used by the controller, 272, when in the "lean mode" in which the center of gravity of the support platform is shifted forward and a "pitch" error is created in the cluster balancing algorithm which is in turn applied to the torque applied to the cluster motors which rotate the clusters and causes the support platform to ascend the stair (col. 21, lines 13-63). Again, it is further noted that the two sensors (A, B) of the sensor module of Kamen '425 are positioned to monitor the support platforms position with respect to horizontal and vertical axes, these sensor signals providing the support platform orientation with respect to the monitored axes which is understood to be the same as Applicant's "attitude" limitation. Applicant also admits in the arguments filed 7/21/05 that the Kamen '425 senses pitch and applies this to the cluster motors. Therefore, by that admission, pitch is another variable in the signal characterizing the attitude of the support platform and therefore attitude, i.e., pitch, is clearly sensed by the sensor module.

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Conclusion

This is an RCE of applicant's earlier Application No. 10/617,598. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matt Luby whose telephone number is (571) 272-6648. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lesley Morris can be reached on (571) 272-6612. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Examiner Art Unit 3611

ML

December 8, 2005

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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